

## Glucose Hexokinase FS\*

Diagnostic reagent for quantitative in vitro determination of glucose in serum or plasma on DiaSys respons<sup>®</sup> 910

### Order Information

Cat. No. 1 2511 99 10 920

4 twin containers for 200 tests each

### Method

Enzymatic UV test using hexokinase

### Principle

Glucose + ATP  $\xrightarrow{HK}$  Glucose-6-phosphate + ADP

Glucose-6-phosphate + NAD<sup>+</sup>  $\xrightarrow{G6P-DH}$  Gluconate-6-P + NADH + H<sup>+</sup>

### Reagents

#### Components and Concentrations

<b>R1:</b>	TRIS buffer	pH 7.8	100 mmol/L
	Mg <sup>2+</sup>		4 mmol/L
	ATP		2.1 mmol/L
	NAD		2.1 mmol/L
<b>R2:</b>	Mg <sup>2+</sup>		4 mmol/L
	Hexokinase (HK)		≥ 7.5 kU/L
	Glucose-6-phosphatodehydrogenase (G6P-DH)		≥ 7.5 kU/L

#### Storage Instructions and Reagent Stability

The reagents are stable up to the end of the indicated month of expiry, if stored at 2 - 8 °C, protected from light and contamination is avoided. DiaSys respons containers provide protection from light. Do not freeze the reagents!

#### Warnings and Precautions

- The reagents contain sodium azide (0.95 g/L) as preservative. Do not swallow! Avoid contact with skin and mucous membranes.
- In very rare cases, samples of patients with gammopathy might give falsified results.
- Please refer to the safety data sheets and take the necessary precautions for the use of laboratory reagents. For diagnostic purposes, the results should always be assessed with the patient's medical history, clinical examinations and other findings.

#### Waste Management

Please refer to local legal requirements.

#### Reagent Preparation

The reagents are ready to use. The bottles are placed directly into the reagent rotor.

### Specimen

Serum or heparin plasma

Separate at the latest 1h after blood collection from cellular contents.

Stability in plasma after addition of a glycolytic inhibitor (Fluoride, monoiodacetate, mannose) [2]:

2 days	at	20 - 25 °C
7 days	at	4 - 8 °C
1 day	at	-20 °C

Stability in serum (separated from cellular contents, hemolysis free) without adding a glycolytic inhibitor [1,3]:

8 h	at	25 °C
72 h	at	4 °C

Discard contaminated specimens. Freeze only once.

### Calibrators and Controls

For calibration the DiaSys TruCal U calibrator is recommended. The assigned values of this calibrator have been made traceable to the reference method gas chromatography – isotope dilution mass spectrometry (GC-IDMS). For internal quality control DiaSys TruLab N and P controls should be assayed. Each laboratory should establish corrective action in case of deviations in control recovery.

	Cat. No.	Kit size
TruCal U	5 9100 99 10 063	20 x 3 mL
	5 9100 99 10 064	6 x 3 mL
TruLab N	5 9000 99 10 062	20 x 5 mL
	5 9000 99 10 061	6 x 5 mL
TruLab P	5 9050 99 10 062	20 x 5 mL
	5 9050 99 10 061	6 x 5 mL

### Performance Characteristics

Measuring range up to 600 mg/dL glucose (in case of higher concentrations re-measure samples after manual dilution or use rerun function)	
Limit of detection**	2 mg/dL glucose
On-board stability	6 weeks
Calibration stability	6 weeks

Interfering substance	Interferences < 10%	Glucose [mg/dL]
Ascorbate	up to 30 mg/dL	179
Hemoglobin	up to 500 mg/dL	80.1
	up to 500 mg/dL	139
Bilirubin, conjugated	up to 60 mg/dL	82.3
	up to 60 mg/dL	106
Bilirubin, unconjugated	up to 60 mg/dL	85.2
	up to 60 mg/dL	109
Lipemia (triglycerides)	up to 1800 mg/dL	82.1
	up to 2000 mg/dL	98.8

For further information on interfering substances refer to Young DS [4].

#### Precision

Within run (n=20)	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean [mg/dL]	95.1	135	302
Coefficient of variance [%]	1.82	1.23	2.31
Between run (n=20)	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean [mg/dL]	93.0	128	296
Coefficient of variance [%]	1.83	1.46	2.24

#### Method comparison (n=107)

Test x	DiaSys Glucose HK FS (Hitachi 911)
Test y	DiaSys Glucose HK FS (respons <sup>®</sup> 910)
Slope	1.051
Intercept	0.680 mg/dL
Coefficient of correlation	0.999

\*\* according to NCCLS document EP17-A, vol. 24, no. 34

### Conversion factor

Glucose [mg/dL] x 0.05551 = Glucose [mmol/L]

### Reference Range [5]

	[mg/dL]	[mmol/L]
<b>Newborns:</b>		
Cord blood	63 - 158	3.5 - 8.8
1 h	36 - 99	2.0 - 5.5
2 h	36 - 89	2.2 - 4.9
5 - 14 h	34 - 77	1.9 - 4.3
10 - 28 h	46 - 81	2.6 - 4.5
44 - 52 h	48 - 79	2.7 - 4.4
<b>Children (fasting):</b>		
1 - 6 years	74 - 127	4.1 - 7.0
7 - 19 years	70 - 106	3.9 - 5.9
<b>Adults (fasting):</b>		
Venous plasma	70 - 115	3.9 - 6.4

Each laboratory should check if the reference ranges are transferable to its own patient population and determine own reference ranges if necessary.

### Literature

- Sacks DB. Carbohydrates. In: Burtis CA, Ashwood ER, editors. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Philadelphia: W.B Saunders Company; 1999. p. 750-808.
- Guder WG, Zawta B et al. The Quality of Diagnostic Samples. 1<sup>st</sup> ed. Darmstadt: GIT Verlag; 2001; p. 30-1.
- Sacks DB, Bruns DE, Goldstein DE, Mac Laren NK, Mc Donald JM, Parrott M. Guidelines and recommendations for laboratory analysis in the diagnosis and management of diabetes mellitus. Clin Chem 2002; 48: 436-72.
- Young DS. Effects of Drugs on Clinical Laboratory Tests. 5th. ed. Volume 1 and 2. Washington, DC: The American Association for Clinical Chemistry Press, 2000.
- Thomas L. Clinical Laboratory Diagnostics. 1<sup>st</sup> ed. Frankfurt: TH-Books Verlagsgesellschaft; 1998. p. 131-7.

### Manufacturer



DiaSys Diagnostic Systems GmbH  
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## Glucose HK FS

### Application for serum and plasma samples

This application was set up and evaluated by DiaSys. It is based on the standard equipment at that time and does not apply to any equipment modifications undertaken by unqualified personnel

Identification	
This method is usable for analysis:	Yes
Name:	GLUHK
Shortcut:	
Reagent barcode reference:	037
Host reference:	

Technic	
Type:	Endpoint
First reagent:[ $\mu$ L]	180
Blanc correction	Yes
Second reagent:[ $\mu$ L]	45
Blanc correction	Yes
Main wavelength:[nm]	340
Secondary wavelength:[nm]	405
Polychromatic factor:	1.000
1 st reading time [min:sec]	(04:24)
Last reading time [min:sec]	08:00
Reaction way:	Increasing
Linear Kinetics	
Substrate depletion: absorbance limit	
Linearity: Maximum deviation [%]	
Fixed Time Kinetics	
Substrate depletion: absorbance limit	
Endpoint	
Stability: largest remaining slope	-
Prozone Limit [%]	-

Sample	
Diluent	NaCl
Concentration technical limits-Lower	2
Concentration technical limits-Upper	600
SERUM	
Normal volume [ $\mu$ L]	4
Normal dilution (factor)	1
Below normal volume [ $\mu$ L]	8
Below normal dilution (factor)	1
Above normal volume [ $\mu$ L]	4
Above normal dilution (factor)	6
URIN	
Normal volume [ $\mu$ L]	4
Normal dilution (factor)	1
Below normal volume [ $\mu$ L]	8
Below normal dilution (factor)	1
Above normal volume [ $\mu$ L]	4
Above normal dilution (factor)	6
PLASMA	
Normal volume [ $\mu$ L]	4
Normal dilution (factor)	1
Below normal volume [ $\mu$ L]	8
Below normal dilution (factor)	1
Above normal volume [ $\mu$ L]	4
Above normal dilution (factor)	6
CSF	
Normal volume [ $\mu$ L]	4
Normal dilution (factor)	1
Below normal volume [ $\mu$ L]	8
Below normal dilution (factor)	1
Above normal volume [ $\mu$ L]	4
Above normal dilution (factor)	6

Results	
Decimals	2
Units	mg/dL
Correlation factor-Offset	0.000
Correlation factor-Slope	1.000

Range	
Genre	All
Age	
SERUM	>=70 <=115
URINE	
PLASMA	>=70 <=115
CSF	
Genre	
Age	
SERUM	
URINE	
PLASMA	
CSF	

Contaminants	
Contaminant 1	
Wash with	
Cycle	
Volume [ $\mu$ L]	
Contaminant 2	
Wash with	
Cycle	
Volume [ $\mu$ L]	

Calibrators details	
Calibrator list	Concentration
Cal. 1	0
Cal. 2	*
Cal. 3	*
Cal. 4	*
Cal. 5	*
Cal. 6	*
	Max delta abs.
Cal. 1	0.015
Cal. 2	0.040
Cal. 3	
Cal. 4	
Cal. 5	
Cal. 6	
Drift limit [%]	0.8
Calculations	
Model	X degree
Degree	1

\* Enter calibrator value