

# Magnesium XL FS\*

Diagnostic reagent for quantitative in vitro determination of magnesium in serum or plasma on DiaSys respons®910

## **Order Information**

Cat. No. 1 4610 99 10 921 4 containers for 120 tests each

#### Method

Photometric test using xylidyl blue

#### **Principle**

Magnesium ions form a purple colored complex with xylidyl blue in alkaline solution. In presence of GEDTA, which complexes calcium ions, the reaction is specific. The intensity of the purple color is proportional to the magnesium concentration.

## Reagents

### **Components and Concentrations**

Ethanolamine pH 11.0 750 mmol/L GEDTA (Glycoletherdiamine tetraacetic acid) 60 μmol/L Xylidyl blue 110 μmol/L Detergents

#### Storage Instructions and Reagent Stability

The reagent is stable up to the end of the indicated month of expiry, if stored at  $2-8\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  and contamination is avoided. Do not freeze the reagent!

#### **Warnings and Precautions**

- Reagent S25: Avoid contact with eyes.
- In very rare cases, samples of patients with gammopathy might give falsified results.
- Please refer to the safety data sheets and take the necessary precautions for the use of laboratory reagents. For diagnostic purposes, the results should always be assessed with the patient's medical history, clinical examinations and other findings.

#### **Waste Management**

Please refer to local legal requirements.

## **Reagent Preparation**

The reagent is ready to use. The bottles are placed directly into the reagent rotor.

## **Specimen**

Serum or plasma (do not use EDTA plasma!)

Stability [1]:

7 days at 20 - 25 °C 7 days at 4 - 8 °C 1 year at -20 °C

Discard contaminated specimens. Freeze only once

## **Calibrators and Controls**

For calibration, DiaSys TruCal U calibrator is recommended. The assigned values of the calibrator have been made traceable to the reference method Atomic Absorption Spectrometry (AAS). For internal quality control DiaSys TruLab N and P controls should be assayed. Each laboratory should establish corrective action in case of deviations in control recovery.

	·		
	Cat. No.	Kit size	
TruCal U	5 9100 99 10 063	20 x	3 mL
	5 9100 99 10 064	6 x	3 mL
TruLab N	5 9000 99 10 062	20 x	5 mL
	5 9000 99 10 061	6 x	5 mL
TruLab P	5 9050 99 10 062	20 x	5 mL
	5 9050 99 10 061	6 x	5 mL

## **Performance Characteristics**

	dL magnesium (in case of higher es after manual dilution or use rerun
Limit of detection** 0.2 mg/dL magnesium	
On-board stability	10 days
Calibration stability	7 days

Interfering substance	Interferences < 10%	Magnesium [mg/dL]	
Ascorbate	up to 30 mg/dL	3.39	
Hemoglobin	up to 250 mg/dL	1.90	
	up to 250 mg/dL	2.90	
Bilirubin, conjugated	up to 50 mg/dL	2.04	
	up to 50 mg/dL	2.91	
Bilirubin, unconjugated	up to 60 mg/dL	2.08	
	up to 60 mg/dL	2.99	
Lipemia (triglycerides) up to 1300 mg/dL 1.99		1.99	
	up to 1800 mg/dL	2.78	
Calcium	Calcium up to 20 mg/dL 2.08		
<b>Hemolysis</b> interferes because Magnesium is released by erythrocytes [3].			
For further information on interfering substances refer to Young DS [2].			

Precision			
Within run (n=20)	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean [mg/dL]	2.20	3.77	4.73
Coefficient of variance [%]	2.41	2.36	1.68
Between run (n=20)	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean [mg/dL]	1.96	2.40	4.84
Coefficient of variance [%]	3.01	2.46	1.75

Method comparison (n=113)		
Test x	DiaSys Magnesium XL FS (Hitachi 917)	
Test y	DiaSys Magnesium XL FS (respons®910)	
Slope	1.06	
Intercept	-0.099 mg/dL	
Coefficient of correlation	0.991	

<sup>\*\*</sup> according to NCCLS document EP17-A, vol. 24, no. 34

## **Conversion factor**

Magnesium [mg/dL] x 0.411 = Magnesium [mmol/L]

#### Reference Range [3]

Neonates	1.2 - 2.6 mg/dL	(0.48 - 1.05  mmol/L)
Children	1.5 – 2.3 mg/dL	(0.60 - 0.95  mmol/L)
Women	1.9 – 2.5 mg/dL	(0.77 – 1.03 mmol/L)
Men	1.8 – 2.6 mg/dL	(0.73 – 1.06 mmol/L)

Each laboratory should check if the reference ranges are transferable to its own patient population and determine own reference ranges if necessary.

#### Literature

- Guder WG, Zatwa B et al. The quality of Diagnostic Samples. 1<sup>st</sup> ed. Darmstadt: Git Verlag, 2001: 38-39.
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- Thomas L. Clinical Laboratory Diagnostics. 1<sup>st</sup> ed. Frankfurt: TH-Books Verlagsgesellschaft; 1998. p. 339-40.
- Sitzmann FC. Normalwerte. München: Hans Marseille Verlag GmbH: 1986. p. 166.
- Endres DB, Rude RK. Mineral and bone metabolism. In: Burtis CA, Ashwood ER, editors. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Philadelphia: W.B Saunders Company; 1999. p. 1395-1457.
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- Bohoun C. Microdosage du magnesium dans divers milieux biologiques. Clin Chim Acta 1962; 7: 811-7.

## Manufacturer



DiaSys Diagnostic Systems GmbH Alte Strasse 9 65558 Holzheim Germany

Reagent information \* fluid stable



# Magnesium XL FS

## Application for serum and plasma samples

This application was set up and evaluated by DiaSys. It is based on the standard equipment at that time and does not apply to any equipment modifications undertaken by unqualified personnel

Identification	
This method is usable for analysis:	Yes
Name:	MG
Shortcut:	
Reagent barcode reference:	047
Host reference:	

Technic	
Type:	Endpoint
First reagent:[µL]	180
Blanc correction	Yes
Second reagent:[µL]	
Blanc correction	
Main wavelength:[nm]	546
Secondary wavelength:[nm]	700
Polychromatic factor:	1.000
1 st reading time [min:sec]	(-00:12)
Last reading time [min:sec]	06:00
Reaction way:	Increasing
Linear Kinetics	
Substrate deplation: absorbance limit	
Linearity: Maximum deviation [%]	
Fixed Time Kinetics	
Substrate deplation: absorbance limit	
Endpoint	
Stability: largest remaining slope	
Prozone Limit [%]	

Sample	
Diluent	NaCl
Concentration technical limits-Lower	0.20
Concentration technical limits-Upper	5.00
SERUM	
Normal volume [µL]	2
Normal dilution (factor)	1
Below normal volume [µL]	4
Below normal dilution (factor)	1
Above normal volume [µL]	2
Above normal dilution (factor)	6
URIN	
Normal volume [µL]	2
Normal dilution (factor)	1
Below normal volume [µL]	4
Below normal dilution (factor)	1
Above normal volume [µL]	2
Above normal dilution (factor)	6
PLASMA	
Normal volume [µL]	2
Normal dilution (factor)	1
Below normal volume [µL]	4
Below normal dilution (factor)	1
Above normal volume [µL]	2
Above normal dilution (factor)	6
CSF	
Normal volume [µL]	2
Normal dilution (factor)	1
Below normal volume[ µL]	4
Below normal dilution (factor)	1
Above normal volume [µL]	2
Above normal dilution (factor)	6

Results	
Decimals	2
Units	mg/dL
Correlation factor-Offset	0.000
Correlation factor-Slope	1.000

Range	
Genre	Male
Age	
SERUM	>=1.80 <=2.60
URINE	
PLASMA	>=1.80 <=2.60
CSF	
Genre	Female
Age	
SERUM	>=1.90 <=2.50
URINE	
PLASMA	>=1.90 <=2.50
CSF	

Contaminants	
Contaminant 1	
Wash with	
Cycle	
Volume [µL]	
Contaminant 2	
Wash with	
Cycle	
Volume [µL]	

Calibrators details		
Calibrator list		Concentration
Cal. 1		0
Cal. 2		*
Cal. 3		*
Cal. 4		*
Cal. 5		*
Cal. 6		*
	Max delta abs.	
Cal. 1	0.015	
Cal. 2	0.010	
Cal. 3		
Cal. 4		
Cal. 5		
Cal. 6		
Drift limit [%]	0.8	
Calculations		
Model		X degree
Degree		1
* Enter calibrator value		

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